

Socket Preservation mit einer neuartigen nicht-resorbierbaren Barrieremembran

von Dr. Dávid Botond Hangyási

DENTALE IMPLANTOLOGIE, September 2018

- [1] ZWP online
- [2] Richards W, Ameen J, Coll AM, Higgs G. Reasons for tooth extraction in four general dental practices in South Wales. *Br Dent J.* 2005 Mar 12;198(5):275-8.
- [3] Hull PS, Worthington HV, Clerehugh V, Tsirba R, Davies RM, Clarkson JE. The reasons for tooth extractions in adults and their validation. *J Dent.* 1997 May-Jul;25(3-4):233-7.
- [4] Schropp L, Wenzel A, Kostopoulos L, Karring T. Bone healing and soft tissue contour changes following single-tooth extraction: a clinical and radiographic 12-month prospective study. *Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent.* 2003 Aug;23(4):313-23.
- [5] Tan WL, Wong TL, Wong MC, Lang NP. A systematic review of post-extractional alveolar hard and soft tissue dimensional changes in humans. *Clin Oral Implants Res.* 2012 Feb;23 Suppl 5:1-21. doi: 10.1111/j.1600-0501.2011.02375.x.
- [6] Araujo MG, Lindhe J. Dimensional ridge alterations following tooth extraction. An experimental study in the dog. *J Clin Periodontol* 2005;32:212–218.
- [7] Braut V, Bornstein MM, Belser U, Buser D. Thickness of the anterior maxillary facial bone wall- a retrospective radiographic study using cone beam computed tomography. *Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent.* 2011 Apr;31(2):125-31.
- [8] MacBeth N, Trullenque-Eriksson A, Donos N, Mardas N. Hard and soft tissue changes following alveolar ridge preservation: a systematic review. *Clin Oral Implants Res.* 2017 Aug;28(8):982-1004. doi: 10.1111/clr.12911. Epub 2016 Jul 26.